EVAPS: Edge Video Analysis for Public Safety Qingyang Zhang^{1,2}, Zhifeng Yu³, Weisong Shi¹ and Hong Zhong² ¹Wayne State University, USA. ²Anhui University, China. ³ Mobihealth Technologies LLC, USA

Disadvantage for Live Video

Bandwidth:

Large transmission of real-time video.

Latency

High latency for transmission and analysis.

Power Consumption

Not practical for energy-constrained devices (e.g., body-worn cameras)

Unstable Network

Packet loss and low speed

What is Edge Video Analysis?





How it works?

***** Face detection in Edge ***** Face recognition in Cloud **Alert to Edge node if found**

Experiments

Edge Comp.	Cloud Comp.
7 kB / image	65 kB / s
255 ms	663 ms
569 mW	1352 mW
	Edge Comp. 7 kB / image 255 ms 569 mW

dangerous person, e.g. criminal.



Scenario

In AMBER Alert system, the control center broadcasts the kidnapper's vehicle license plate number to some cameras, which start recognizing the license plate in captured video. If found, the related images will be sent to the control center.

Workload decomposition

***** Edge:

License plate detection License plate character recognition **Cloud:**

Task announcement

Experiments

	Edge Comp.	Cloud
Bandwidth	60 kB /image	65 k
Latency	4.3 s	0.62
Power	891 mW	1352





Comp. kB/s 24 ms 2 mW

3rd demo: EKG Focusing



Scenario

A real-time video stream of the EKG in an ambulance can be pushed to a doctor in hospital. Only cropping out the EKG area in the video can reduce the network bandwidth requirement.

Key technology

Object (EKG) detect in Edge Area of interest cropped Real-time video transfer

Experiments

	Edge Comp.	Cloud Comp.
Bandwidth	52 kB / s	65 kB / s
Latency	674 ms	602 ms
Power	506 mW	1352 mW

Conclusion

Flexible: triggering on demand **Chargy-efficient** Low bandwidth Latency: depending on processing